# PostgreSQL for Canadian Weather Observations 

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## Canadian Meteorological Centre



## weather.gc.ca



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## Observation Sources



## Observation Formats

## Binary

-BUFR (Binary Universal Form for the Representation of meteorological data) -ARINC-620 (AMDAR) (Aeronautical Radio Incorporated)
-NETCDF (Network Common Data Form)
-SIGRID (Sea Ice Grid)
-TDR (Temperature Data Record)
-HDF4, HDF5 (Hierarchical Data Format)

- etc. etc. etc.


## ASCII

-WMO FM-42 (AMDAR) (Aircraft Meteorological Data Relay) -WMO FM-32,-33,-34,-35,-36,-37,-38 (RADIOSONDES) (Radio Probe)
-WMO FM-63 (BATHY) (Bathy (depth) Thermograph)
-WMO FM-64 (TESAC) (Temperature Salinity Current Report)
-WMO FM-12,-13,-14,-18 (SYNOP, BUOY) (SYNOPtic and BUOY)
-WMO FM-15 (METAR) (MEteorological Terminal Aviation weather Report)
-WMO FM-16 (SPECI) (aviation selected SPEClal weather report)
-WMO MANICE

- WMO MANOBS (SA)
- SHEF (Standard Hydrological Format)
-AIRNOW (Air Quality Now)
- CSV (Comma Separated Values)
- etc. etc. etc.



## BURP

(Binary Universal Report Protocol)

## Data Volume

## -20+ Gigabytes/day

-30+ years worth of tape archives
-= Big Database

## Conversion Process



## Call for Assistance

- Foreign Data Wrappers
- Large Distributed Databases (pgpool, pg_shard, etc.)
- Other tools to consider?
- Pitfalls to avoid?
- Best practices?
- Other ideas?


## Contact Me

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